## Certificated Staff Evaluation System

Kinnelon Public Schools



Adopted June 23, 2011 Revised July 30, 2012 Revised August 20, 2013 Revised June 20, 2014 August 15, 2015 August 30, 2016

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## **Acknowledgements**

The following committee members contributed to the production of this document and are committed to the improvement of the evaluation system and dedicated to continual professional growth.

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#### Time Line:

The committee met monthly between January 2011 and May 2012. Committee members reconvened periodically in the 2012-13 school year to assess, discuss and if required, make revisions to the evaluation system and to address guidelines released by the State of NJ Department of Education which address AchieveNJ legislation. .

May 31, 20122 July 30, 2012 Rev 1 June 5, 2013 Rev 2 August 15, 2015 August 30, 2016



#### **Kinnelon Public Schools Mission**

The Board of Education considers that the mission of the Kinnelon Public Schools is to develop citizens who have mastered the basic skills and complex problems solving techniques, understand and are able to utilize technology, are internally motivated, have a high level of self-esteem, show respect for humanity, have an appreciation for the

The contemporary job of the teacher is exceedingly complex, requiring a wide array of knowledge and skills

arts, take responsibility for their actions, and are committed to the continuous pursuit of knowledge. The intention of the Board is to implement this mission by providing innovative programs developed by knowledgeable staff, by encouraging parental involvement in the educational process and by the appropriate use of community resources.

## **Purpose of a Teacher Evaluation System**

Teacher evaluation systems serve several purposes:

- To improve instruction and student achievement by facilitating educator professional growth and development;
- To identify needs for staff learning and development;
- To ensure teaching quality by bringing assistance to beginning and struggling teachers; and
- To inform personnel decisions (retention, transfer, tenure, promotion, dismissal).

This evaluations system is based on the most current research and literature<sup>1</sup> on teacher effectiveness and evaluation and supports the NJ Professional Teaching Standards and the InTASC Model Core Teaching Standards.

## NJ Professional Teaching Standards & InTASC Model Core Teaching Standards

New Jersey's new professional standards for teachers and school leaders were adopted by the State Board of Education in December 2003 as part of the new licensing regulations. These new professional standards provide a clear vision of the knowledge, performances and dispositions that teachers and school leaders need to support the learning called for in the revised Core Curriculum Content Standards.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Marzano, R. The Art and Science of Teaching A Comprehensive Framework for Effective Instruction, ASCD Press 2007 & Danielson, C., Enhancing Professional Practice A Framework for Teaching 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed., ASCD 2007

The NJ Professional Development Standards are outlined below. A more detailed description of the standards including the knowledge requirements, dispositions and performances specific to each of the eleven standards can be found at <a href="http://www.nj.gov/education/profdev/profstand/standards.pdf">http://www.nj.gov/education/profdev/profstand/standards.pdf</a>.

#### The NJ Professional Development Standards:

- Subject Matter Knowledge Teachers shall understand the central concepts, tools of inquiry, structures of the discipline, especially as they relate to the New Jersey Core Curriculum Content Standards (NJCCCS and CCSS), and design developmentally appropriate learning experiences making the subject matter accessible and meaningful to all students.
- 2. **Human Growth and Development -** Teachers shall understand how children and adolescents develop and learn in a variety of school, family and community contexts and provide opportunities that support their intellectual, social, emotional and physical development.
- 3. Diverse Learners Teachers shall understand the practice of culturally responsive teaching.
- 4. Instructional Planning and Strategies Teachers shall understand instructional planning, design long- and short-term plans based upon knowledge of subject matter, students, community, and curriculum goals, and shall employ a variety of developmentally appropriate strategies in order to promote critical thinking, problem solving and the performance skills of all learners.
- Assessment Teachers shall understand and use multiple assessment strategies and interpret results to evaluate and promote student learning and to modify instruction in order to foster the continuous development of students.
- 6. **Learning Environment -** Teachers shall understand individual and group motivation and behavior and shall create a supportive, safe and respectful learning environment that encourages positive social interaction, active engagement in learning and self-motivation.
- 7. **Special Needs -** Teachers shall adapt and modify instruction to accommodate the special learning needs of all students.
- 8. **Communication -** Teachers shall use knowledge of effective verbal, nonverbal and written communication techniques and the tools of information literacy to foster the use of inquiry, collaboration and supportive interactions.
- 9. **Collaboration and Partnerships -** Teachers shall build relationships with parents, guardians, families and agencies in the larger community to support students' learning and well-being.
- 10. Professional Development Teachers shall participate as active, responsible members of the professional community, engaging in a wide range of reflective practices, pursuing opportunities to grow professionally and establishing collegial relationships to enhance the teaching and learning process.
- 11. **Professional Responsibility -** Teachers shall act in accordance with legal and ethical responsibilities and shall use integrity and fairness to promote the success of all students.

## **InTASC Model Core Teaching Standards**

The Council of Chief State School Officers (CCSSO), through its Interstate Teacher Assessment and Support Consortium (InTASC), is pleased to offer this set of model core teaching standards that outline what teachers should know and be able to do to ensure every K-12 student reaches the goal of being ready to enter college or the workforce in today's world. These standards outline the common principles and foundations of teaching practice that cut across all subject areas and grade levels and that are necessary to improve student achievement.

More importantly, these Model Core Teaching Standards articulate what effective teaching and learning looks like in a transformed public education system – one that empowers every learner to take ownership of their learning, that emphasizes the learning of content and application of knowledge and skill to real world problems, that values the differences each learner brings to the learning experience, and that leverages rapidly changing learning environments by recognizing the possibilities they bring to maximize learning and engage learners. A transformed public education system requires a new vision of teaching.

The Model Core Teaching Standards are outlined below. A more detailed description of the standards including the knowledge requirements, dispositions and performances specific to each of the eleven standards can be found at

http://www.ccsso.org/Documents/2011/InTASC Model Core Teaching Standards 2011.pdf

#### The Learner and Learning

**Standard #1**: Learner Development. The teacher understands how learners grow and develop, recognizing that patterns of learning and development vary individually within and across the cognitive, linguistic, social, emotional, and physical areas, and designs and implements developmentally appropriate and challenging learning experiences.

**Standard #2**: Learning Differences. The teacher uses understanding of individual differences and diverse cultures and communities to ensure inclusive learning environments that enable each learner to meet high standards.

**Standard #3**: Learning Environments. The teacher works with others to create environments that support individual and collaborative learning, and that encourage positive social interaction, active engagement in learning, and self-motivation.

#### Content

**Standard #4**: Content Knowledge. The teacher understands the central concepts, tools of inquiry, and structures of the discipline(s) he or she teaches and creates learning experiences that make the discipline accessible and meaningful for learners to assure mastery of the content.

**Standard #5**: Application of Content. The teacher understands how to connect concepts and use differing perspectives to engage learners in critical thinking, creativity, and collaborative problem solving related to authentic local and global issues.

#### Instructional Practice

**Standard #6**: Assessment. The teacher understands and uses multiple methods of assessment to engage learners in their own growth, to monitor learner progress, and to guide the teacher's and learner's decision making.

**Standard #7**: Planning for Instruction. The teacher plans instruction that supports every student in meeting rigorous learning goals by drawing upon knowledge of content areas, curriculum, cross-disciplinary skills, and pedagogy, as well as knowledge of learners and the community context.

**Standard #8**: Instructional Strategies. The teacher understands and uses a variety of instructional strategies to encourage learners to develop deep understanding of content areas and their connections, and to build skills to apply knowledge in meaningful ways.

#### **Professional Responsibility**

**Standard #9**: Professional Learning and Ethical Practice. The teacher engages in ongoing professional learning and uses evidence to continually evaluate his/her practice, particularly the effects of his/her choices and actions on others (learners, families, other professionals, and the community), and adapts practice to meet the needs of each learner.

**Standard #10**: Leadership and Collaboration. The teacher seeks appropriate leadership roles and opportunities to take responsibility for student learning, to collaborate with learners, families, colleagues, other school professionals, and community members to ensure learner growth, and to advance the profession.

## **Important Definitions**

For purposes of this evaluation process, the following terms are defined below:

- AchieveNJ The New Jersey teacher evaluation requirements resulting from the TEACHNJ Act signed into law on August 6, 2012.
- 2. **Annual Evaluation Conference and Annual Summary Review**—The conference between the evaluator and teacher to discuss the teacher's most recent Professional Development Plan, the formal and informal classroom observations, artifacts submitted or collected during the evaluation process and other evidence of the teacher's performance.
- 3. Corrective Action Plan (CAP) A plan developed by a principal/supervisor with input from the teacher for the purpose of articulating specific actions and outcomes needed in order to improve the teacher's performance. After the first year, teachers who receive an Ineffective or Partially Effective rating are required to have one additional observation, and multiple observers are required as part of the CAP.
- 4. Artifact A product resulting from a teacher's work. Artifacts are natural by-products of a teacher's work and are not created for the purpose of satisfying evaluation requirements. Teachers may use them as exemplars of their work.
- 5. Data-Factual information used as the basis for reasoning, discussion, or planning.
- 6. **Evaluator**—The person responsible for overseeing and completing the teacher evaluation process. This is usually the school principal, but it may be someone who is designated by the principal to assume these responsibilities.

- 7. **Evidence**–Documents that demonstrate or confirm the work of the person being evaluated and support the rating on a given element.
- 8. **Formal Evaluation Process**—The process of evaluating a teacher using the following essential components:

#### a. **Observations**:

- i. Formal Observation-
  - Full Observation These observations must be at least 40 minutes, with a post-conference; Full observations, beyond the minimum requirements, do not require pre-conference.
  - 2. **Short Observation -** These observations must be at least 20 minutes, with a post-conference
  - 3. *Informal Observation*—An informal observation may take place as an evaluator visits classrooms or "drops in" on the teacher's classroom
  - 4. **Walkthrough** 3-10 minute observation, often for data collection
- b. **Pre-Observation Conference** For all teachers, at least one of the required observations shall be announced and preceded by a pre-observation conference. The goal of this conference is to prepare the evaluator for the observation. Full observations, beyond the minimum requirements, do not require pre-conference.
- c. Post-Observation Conference—During the post-observation conference, the evaluator and teacher shall discuss the lesson structure in terms of planning, instruction, and the classroom environment. The evaluator and teacher shall also discuss areas of professional responsibilities and professional growth. Teachers may bring or be asked to bring artifacts to this conference.
- 9. **NJ Professional Teaching Standards** The uniform standards of professional teaching provide a clear vision of the knowledge, performances and dispositions that teachers and school leaders need to support the learning called for in the revised Core Curriculum Content Standards. (http://www.ni.gov/education/profdev/profstand/standards.pdf)
- 10. InTASC Model Core Teaching Standards A set of model core teaching standards that outline what teachers should know and be able to do to ensure every K-12 student reaches the goal of being ready to enter college or the workforce in today's world. These standards outline the common principles and foundations of teaching practice that cut across all subject areas and grade levels and that are necessary to improve student achievement.
- 11. **Non-Tenured Teachers**—Teachers who are in the three years of teaching and who hold a Provisional/Standard Professional Certificate. \*\***NOTE: Teachers hired after Aug. 6 2012 are considered non-tenured in the first four years of teaching.**
- 12. **Professional Development Plans**—Every teacher will use a Professional Development Plan to identify goals and strategies to improve performance.
- 13. **School Improvement Panel (ScIP)** Based upon the provisions of TEACHNJ Act and AchieveNJ, every school must establish a School Improvement Panel (ScIP) whose role is to ensure, oversee, and support the implementation of the district's evaluation, professional

- development (PD), and mentoring policies at the school level. The ScIP also ensures that teachers have a strong voice and significant opportunity to help shape evaluation procedures within each school.
- 14. **Student Growth Percentile (SGP)** Student Growth Percentiles (SGPs) measure how much a student has learned from one year to the next compared to peers with similar academic history from across the state. Growth baseline information is established by a student's prior learning as measured by all of student's NJ ASK results. Teachers of students in Grades 4-8, Language Arts and Mathematics will receive medial SGP score from The NJ DOE about their students that will be factored into their summative evaluation.
- 15. **Student Growth Objectives (SGO)** Academic goals created by teachers and approved by the school Principal for groups of students that are aligned to state standards and can be tracked using objective measures. All teachers will create at least two SGOs per year and the data will be factored into their summative evaluation. Teachers who receive a median SGP need to create a minimum of on SGO per year.
- 16. *Tenured Teachers* Licensed professional educators who were granted tenure by the Board of Education.
- 17. **Teacher Reflective Guide** A reflective guide designed to correlate to the observation/evaluation tool.

#### The Evaluation Process as Outlined in ACHIEVENJ

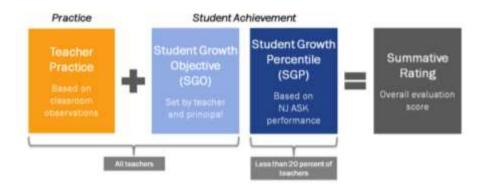
## **AchieveNJ Guiding Principles**

The AchieveNJ evaluation and support system is structured around several guiding principles:

- 1. Educator effectiveness can and should be measured to ensure our students have the best teachers in the classroom. A three-year study by the Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation recently affirmed the impact of evaluations and showed that huge variations exist between the most and least effective teachers in some cases, up to an 11-month difference in student learning.
- 2. Evaluations should always be based on multiple measures that include both learning outcomes and effective practice. No teacher or principal should ever be assessed based on test scores alone, much less a single test. Therefore, AchieveNJ includes a combination of student growth on objective measures and observations of a teacher's classroom practices and a principal's leadership practices conducted by appropriately trained observers.
- 3. Timely feedback and high-quality professional development, tied to evaluations, are essential to help educators improve. Evaluations provide educators with more opportunities to engage in high-quality professional conversations and nuanced data that can be used to tailor professional development to staff needs. Evaluations that do not contribute to these types of growth and development offer limited value.
- 4. Evaluation and support systems should be developed with significant input from educators. We have been working every step of the way over the past two years with those most affected: teachers and principals.
- 5. Tenure and other forms of recognition should be based on effectiveness. As codified in the new tenure law passed in 2012, educators should be recognized and rewarded based on the outcome of meaningful evaluations rather than simply time served.

#### Multiple Measures for Evaluating Teachers

AchieveNJ relies on multiple measures of performance to evaluate teachers. These measures include components of both student achievement and teacher practice. While all New Jersey teachers will receive an annual summative evaluation rating of Highly Effective, Effective, Partially Effective, or Ineffective, the components used to determine these ratings vary, depending on the grades and subjects that educators teach.



#### **Weighting of Teacher Evaluation Components**

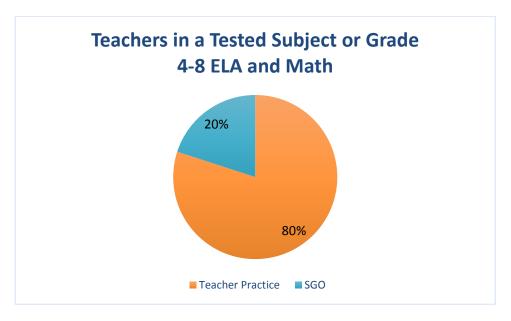
#### **Teachers in Tested Grades and Subjects**

To whom does this apply?

4th–8th grade English language arts and 4<sup>th</sup>-7<sup>th</sup> grade mathematics teachers with students that have baseline and end-of-year NJ ASK scores available. Because 3rd grade is the first testing year of the NJ ASK, there is no baseline data to create an SGP for students and teachers in that grade. In order for teachers to have an SGP score, they must have no fewer than 20 student SGP scores, and students must be enrolled in a teacher's class for at least 70 percent of the year. If two or three years of data are available, the NJ Department of Education will choose the best available score for the teacher — either the teacher's median score of their current roster of students or the median of all student scores over the available years.

#### How will these teachers be measured?

30 % of a teacher's overall evaluation rating is based on Student Achievement with 10% based on Student Growth Percentile (SGP) data from NJ ASK scores. 20 % is based on Student Growth Objective (SGO) data from one to two measures that teachers set with the approval of their principals. 70% percent is based on Teacher Practice information obtained from classroom observations.



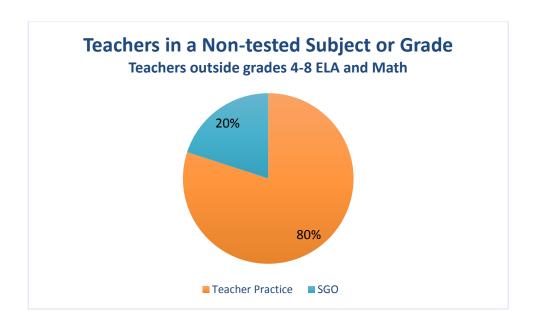
#### **Teachers of Non-Tested Grades and Subjects**

To whom does this apply?

All teachers who are not considered teachers of tested grades and subjects.

#### How will these teachers be measured?

80 % of a teacher's overall evaluation rating is based on Teacher Practice obtained from classroom observations. 20 % is based on Student achievement data obtained from SGO data from two measures that teachers set with the approval of their principals.



#### **Teacher Practice – The Observation Process**

Kinnelon uses an observation instrument based upon a hybrid between the Charlotte Danielson model *Enhancing Professional Practice: A Framework for Teaching* and the Marzano Protocol based on the research compiled in *The Art and Science of Teaching* and *Classroom Instruction That Works*. **This framework provides:** 

- 1. A Road Map for Novices Most professions designate a period of apprenticeship for a novice practitioner. Attorneys and doctors work as interns and residents before assuming complete responsibility for patients and clients. But teachers, from the moment they are awarded their first license, are considered full members of the profession. The responsibilities of a first-year teacher are just as complex (in some situations, more so) as those of a 20-year veteran. Given the complexity of teaching, a map of the territory is invaluable to novices, providing them with a pathway to excellence.
- 2. Guidance for Experienced Professionals A framework for professional practice offers the teaching profession the same definition long afforded other professions. A framework answers the questions, "What does an effective teacher know?" "What does an accomplished teacher do in the performance of her duties?" A framework is useful for all members of the profession, from those just entering, to veterans who may have lost enthusiasm for their work, to master teachers who are trying to convey their wisdom to others. A framework for professional practice can provide the structure for professional discussions and an opportunity for genuine professionalism.
- 3. A Structure for Focusing Improvement Efforts When novice teachers meet with their mentors or when experienced teachers consult with their principals or supervisors, they need a framework to determine which aspect of teaching requires their attention. They must decide which part of all the complex elements of instruction reflected in any lesson to concentrate on. A framework for professional practice can provide such a structure. With a framework of professional practice in hand, however, participants can conduct conversations about where to focus improvement efforts within the context of shared definitions and values. These conversations can focus on means, not ends, and they can be conducted in an environment of professional respect.

#### A Framework for Professional Staff

In the publication, *Descriptors of Effective Teaching: a Framework for Continuous Growth*, Charlotte Danielson (1997) organized professional practice for classroom teachers and professional educational staff into domains:

#### A Framework for Classroom Teachers:

- Planning & Preparation
- Classroom Environment
- Instruction

Professional Responsibilities

#### A Framework for Specialists:

The organization of the frameworks for the specialists closely follows that of the framework for teaching. Each is organized into domains appropriate to the specialist.

#### **Child Study Team Members:**

- Planning & Preparation
- Delivery of Service
- Professional Responsibilities
- Collaboration and Consultation
- Assessment and Monitoring of Student Learning

#### **School Counselors:**

- Planning & Preparation
- The Counseling Environment
- Collaboration and Consultation
- Professional Responsibilities

#### **School Nurses:**

- Planning & Preparation
- Professional Practice and Delivery of Service
- Collaboration and Consultation
- Professional Responsibilities

#### **School Media Specialist:**

- Planning & Preparation
- Professional Practice and Delivery of Service
- Collaboration and Consultation
- Professional Responsibilities
- Student Improvement

The Kinnelon Public Schools District acknowledges the importance of describing the knowledge, skills and accomplishments that comprise effective education. It agrees with the National Board for Professional Teaching Standards that high and rigorous standards should serve as a framework for ongoing growth in professional expertise that ultimately results in increased student learning. The district recognizes that excellence requires a strong foundation of fundamental skills that members of the district's professional staff must demonstrate consistently across all areas of expertise.

#### **Levels of Performance**

## Teaching Staff:

- 1. Beginning: The teacher either did not use strategies that could have been used when the strategy was called for, or did so ineffectively which lead to concerns in the lesson design and/or implementation. Working on the fundamental practices associated with the strategy or concept will enable the teacher to grow and develop in this area. If an observer encounters performance at this level, it is very likely time to intervene as this represents a first priority for coaching.
- 2. **Developing**: The teacher performing at this level appears to be at the beginning level of understanding with the concepts underlying the component/strategy but implementation is

- incorrect, sporadic, intermittent or otherwise not entirely successful. Additional reading, discussion, and/or coaching will enable the teacher to grow in this area.
- Applying: Teachers performing at this level clearly understand the concepts underlying the
  component and implements well. Teachers applying strategies at this level are applying the
  strategy with understanding and ease. They are effective while working to improve as they
  participate in a professional community.
- 4. Innovating: Teachers' application of strategies at this level demonstrates mastery with the underlying concepts of the component/strategy. A teacher using strategies at this level of implementation could be used as an exemplar for other teachers. A teacher at this level uses strategies in innovative ways, going above and beyond the thorough and effective implementation of these strategies. Teacher expertise in this area allows them to make a contribution to the field both in and outside of their classroom.

## Other Certificated Staff (CST, Nurses, School Counselors, Media Specialists):

- 1. **Beginning**: The specialist either did not use or exhibit a behavior or did so ineffectively. Working on the fundamental practices associated with the strategy or concept will enable the specialist to grow and develop in this area. If an observer encounters performance at this level, it is very likely time to intervene as this represents a first priority for coaching.
- Developing: The specialist performing at this level appears to be at the beginning level of understanding with the concepts underlying the component/strategy but implementation is incorrect, sporadic, intermittent or otherwise not entirely successful. Additional reading, discussion, and/or coaching will enable the specialist to grow in this area.
- 3. **Applying**: The specialist performing at this level clearly understands the concepts underlying the component and implements well. Specialists performing at this level are effective while working to improve as they participate in a professional community.
- 4. *Innovating*: The specialist performing at this level demonstrates mastery with the concepts underlying the component/strategy. These individuals demonstrate expertise in areas that could be used as an exemplar for other professionals. This expertise allows them to make a contribution to the field both in and outside of their schools.

## Timeline & Number of Required Observations and Evaluations for Teaching and Other Certificated Staff

Tenure Status		Minimum # of Observations Required and Type	Summative Rating	Suggested Timeline	
	Voor 1 8 2	3 (2 Long/Full, 1 Short)	Highly Effective, Effective, Partially Effective or Ineffective	Obs. #1	By the end of November
Nontenured	Year 1 & 2			Obs. #2	By the end of February
	Year 3 & 4	3 (1 Long/Full, 2 Short)	Highly Effective, Effective, Partially Effective or Ineffective	Obs. #3	By the end of April
	Effective Highly Effective	2 (1 Long/Full, 1 Short)	Highly Effective, Effective, Partially Effective or Ineffective	Obs. #1	By the end of November
Tenured <sup>2</sup>				Obs. #2	By the end of February
				Obs. #3	By the end of May
Faculty on Corrective Action Plan	Partially Effective, Ineffective	Follows above with no fewer than 1 additional observation	Highly Effective, Effective, Partially Effective or Ineffective	Additional observations are scheduled as needed	

#### ALL STAFF WILL RECEIVE AN ANNUAL SUMMATIVE EVALUATION

One observation should have pre-conference and all should have a post-conference<sup>3</sup>

Non Tenured Annual Summative Evaluation – Prior to May 15

Tenured Annual Summative Evaluation – Prior to June 10

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Tenured teachers below effective require 3 observations

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> For tenured staff the post conference can be remote via phone, email etc.

## **Dispositions of the Professional Staff:**

#### **Teachers**

Teachers who teach for a profession have high expectations to meet. The complexity of teaching is well recognized, and this complexity extends over several aspects of the work. Teaching is physically demanding, teachers are active, moving around the classroom, between classrooms in a school and sometimes between schools in a district. Teaching is also emotionally demanding, the more caring a teacher is, the more emotionally demanding it is. Teaching is cognitively demanding, a teacher makes hundreds of nontrivial decisions daily, from designing lessons, to responding to student questions, meeting with parents, to responding to requests of colleagues and administrators. With the recognition of this complexity, components of each domain of professional practice are outlined below.

#### **Planning**

The teacher:

- Plans lessons in congruence with the district curriculum, the NJCCCS and/or the Common Core State Standards
- Designs/creates learning goals/objectives that are measurable and student centered
- Demonstrates an understanding of the content, including any prerequisites skills and knowledge required for students to acquire/master learning goal(s) and supports the Enduring Understandings
- Selects instructional methods that best support student acquisition of the established learning goals
- Demonstrates awareness of school, district and outside resources to support the lesson
- Demonstrates awareness of student learning and achievement differences
- Plans for student/lesson assessment that supports design of future instruction and differentiation

#### Instruction

The teacher:

- Communicates the learning goal/objectives to students (e.g. the teacher provides or reminds students about a specific learning goal) and expectations for measuring acquisition of learning goals
- Effectively tracks/documents student progress (e.g. using formative assessments, anecdotal records, etc.)
- Reviews previous content/prerequisite skills important to the lesson content
- Previews new content (e.g. teacher uses strategies such as K.W.L., organizers like Top-Down Webs, preview questions, etc.)
- Chunks content into understandable/manageable segments and gives students opportunities
  to process new information (e.g. after each segment, teacher asks students to summarize,
  clarify, restate, apply, use, etc.)

- Assists/provides opportunities for students to record/represent knowledge (e.g. teacher asks students to summarize, take notes (can be 2-column) or use non-linguistic representations like charts, pictures, etc.)
- Asks students to elaborate on new information (e.g. teacher asks questions that require students to make and defend inferences)
- Organizes students/provides opportunities for students to practice and deepen knowledge (e.g. assigns independent practice or groups students for massed and distributed practice)
- Provides opportunities for students to extend knowledge such as exploration of similarities and differences (e.g. the teacher engages students in comparing, contrasting, creating analogies and metaphors)
- Gives opportunities to revise knowledge (e.g. teacher asks students clarify or add to previous information, to revise entries in notes, etc.)
- Maintains an appropriate pace by responding to learning by slowing/quickening pace of instruction to maintain engagement
- Uses questioning techniques that require students to reach to a higher cognitive level and manages wait time to allow students to process both the question and answer
- Provides students with opportunities to complete cognitively complex tasks (e.g. teacher organizes students into small groups/pairs to facilitate challenging and complex activities)
- Engages students in cognitively complex tasks that involve inference generation (e.g. decision making tasks, problem solving tasks, experimental inquiry tasks, investigative tasks, prediction, etc.)
- Provides resources and guidance (teacher makes resources available that are specific to tasks and helps students execute such tasks teacher as facilitator)
- Communicates and celebrates student achievement/progress

#### **Classroom Environment**

The teacher:

- Establishes/has established classroom routines (e.g. teacher reminds students of a rule or procedure or establishes a rule or procedure or there is evidence of the establishment of such)
- Notices and reacts when students are not engaged (teacher scans classroom to monitor students' level of engagement and attends to situations that are of concern)
- Manages student responses during questioning (e.g. teacher uses strategies that ensures majority of student responses - cards, voting techniques, wait time, Socratic dialog, etc.)
- Applies consequences (e.g. teacher applies appropriate consequences to lack of adherences to rules and procedures consistently and fairly)
- Acknowledges adherence to rules and procedures (e.g. teacher does this consistently and fairly)
- Displays objectivity and control in all situations
- Communicates high expectations for all students
- Organizes the physical layout of the room to maximize learning (when applicable, it is noted that some classrooms are not equipped for this)

#### **Professional Responsibilities**

The teacher:

- Demonstrates the ability to reflect an accurate and objective description of the lesson, and cites specific positive and negative characteristics including specific suggestions as to how the lesson might be improved
- Has a detailed, accurate and efficient system for maintaining plan book, grade book, student
  attendance or other professional records. The gradebook details should provide anecdotal
  and data driven indicators, substantiating an exemplary commitment to planning, differentiated
  lessons, and the utilization of varied and frequent assessment instruments
- Performs all ancillary duties required or expected in professional manner. This may include but is not limited to responding to requests for information about students or program, submission of lesson plans, responding to parent requests for information, attending to assigned duties, etc.
- Successfully engages families in the instructional program and encourages student participate in communicating with families
- Participates actively in school and district events and projects, and maintains positive and productive relationships with colleagues
- Seeks opportunities for professional development based on an individual assessment of need.
- Teacher is quick to respond to administrative suggestions aimed at improving professional performance
- Makes a substantial contribution to the profession through such activities as action research, and mentoring new teachers
- Makes genuine and successful efforts to ensure that all students are well served by the school

**Child Study Team Members** (Learning Consultants, Psychologists, Social Workers, Occupational Therapists, Physical Therapists and Speech and Language)

The state mandated role of the Child Study Team member is varied and discipline dependent. The psychologist, learning consultant, social worker and speech language/specialist determine special education eligibility via an assessment and interview process, design and implement programs, facilitate meetings with parents, offer direct service to students, and provide consultation to staff, administration, and parents. The occupational and physical therapists provide direct services to students and also act as consultants to staff, administration and parents. The components of each domain of professional practice are outlined below.

#### **Planning and Preparation**

The CST Professional:

- Has a thorough knowledge of student IEP driven goals and objectives
- Understands the alignment of goals and objectives with discipline based standardized testing and functional assessment
- Has a thorough knowledge of modifications and accommodations
- Has a thorough knowledge of behavioral plan (if relevant)

- Has a thorough knowledge of code compliance issues (e.g. timelines, meeting participants, classification, IEP construction)
- Demonstrates appropriate preparation for service delivery including room set up and instructional materials
- Uses data to inform planning
- Creates an environment which is welcoming, motivating, instructional and reflects student work
- Develops objectives which are clearly delineated to intended audience

#### **Delivery of Service**

The CST Professional:

- Paces and structures the instructional/therapeutic process in an individualized way for students
- Clearly defines expectations for students, parents, teachers, etc.
- Provides valuable feedback to the specific audience (students, parents, participants)
- Consistently applies evidence based practice
- Differentiates instruction
- Applies a multi-sensory approach to instruction
- Demonstrates written and verbal communication appropriate to audience
- Applies multi-disciplinary approach (co-treats)
- Presents content which reflects district's enduring objectives
- Applies management strategies which reflect methodology to promote behavioral selfregulation
- Applies behavioral consequences with fairness and objectivity

#### **Professional Responsibilities**

The CST Professional:

- Completes reports which are written for the appropriate audience
- Completes all paperwork in a timely and professional manner
- Maintains current licensing requirements
- Demonstrates knowledge of resources associated with professional discipline
- Participates in building based and district initiatives
- Participates in professional organizations
- Provides valuable analysis of observation outcomes through self-assessment
- Demonstrates advocacy for all special needs students

#### **Collaboration and Consultation**

The CST Professional:

- Collaborates with special and general education teachers, administration, and school staff (e.g. consultation, carryover into LRE, generalization)
- Demonstrates collaboration between home and school

- Involves students in age appropriate reflection regarding their program, progress and planning
- Provides timely and valuable feedback to parent provided utilizing multiple formats (e.g. e-mail, progress notes, communication books, telephone)
- Integrates skills from classroom into the provision of related services

#### **Assessing and Monitoring Student learning**

The CST Professional:

- Documents progress via benchmarked goals and objectives, progress notes, etc.
- Documents progress via standardized and/or qualitative assessments
- Obtains input from parents, teachers, students, and administration
- Provides opportunities for students to demonstrate level of proficiency
- Provides immediate feedback to students (verbal, visual, tactile)

#### **School Counselors**

School counselors provide a variety of counseling and support services. Their duties vary greatly, depending on their specialty, which is determined by the setting in which they work and the population they serve. Although the specific setting have an implied scope of practice, counselors frequently are challenged with children, adolescents, adults, or families that have multiple varied issues. Counselors must recognize these issues in order to provide their clients with appropriate counseling and support.

Secondary counselors provide specific course/college/career/personal/social counseling and advisement with students and parents individually, in small/large groups on all aspects of educational planning, & development/implementation of programs to meet needs of students & parents; collection & reporting of data.

Elementary school counselors provide individual, small-group, and classroom guidance services to students. Counselors observe children during classroom and play activities and confer with their teachers and parents to evaluate the children's strengths, problems, or special needs. In conjunction with teachers and administrators, they make sure that the curriculum addresses both the academic and the developmental needs of students.

#### **Planning & Preparation**

The school counselor:

- Plans multiple approaches and applies a broad range of counseling strategies that are effective and appropriate to the student
- Displays and demonstrates knowledge of typical developmental characteristics of age group, exceptions to the patterns, and adapts to individual student needs
- Demonstrates thorough knowledge of students' backgrounds, skills, needs, and interests, and
  uses this knowledge to plan for individual and/or group interactions and/or special
  programming.
- Applies knowledge of students' varied approaches to learning.
- Demonstrates a thorough knowledge of appropriate use of tests, inventories, and assessments and uses their applications effectively.

 Displays a depth of knowledge of post-high school options through the full range of student needs and can match highly individualized needs to options found locally and nationwide

#### **The Counseling Environment**

The school counselor:

- Guides and directs students and their families individually or in groups regarding social, emotional, educational, and vocational development to reduce barriers to learning and to increase students' ability to interact appropriately with others.
- Initiates and is pro-active in communication with parents/guardians.
- Demonstrates ability to engage families in the learning process
- Consults/collaborates with teachers, administrators and other relevant school personnel.
- Develops a climate of trust that facilitates communication and cooperation

#### **Collaboration and Consultation**

The school counselor:

- Conducts detailed and individualized assessment of student needs in order to develop and implement programs.
- Assists students in determining their abilities, achievement, interests, and goals.
- Actively encourages and collaborates with teachers, other professional, and parents to participate in all aspects of students' education.
- Demonstrates awareness of all resources available through the school or district and knows how to gain access for students.
- Continually seeks ways to ensure success for all students, making adjustments, and responding to student interests and needs
- Demonstrates flexibility in availability when addressing parent, teacher, or administrative issues

#### **Professional Responsibilities**

The school counselor:

- Demonstrates thoughtfulness and accuracy in assessing effectiveness of guidance/counseling activity and offers specific alternative actions, complete with probable successes of different approaches
- Maintains systematic records, files and materials and maintains their security
- Consistently schedules and utilizes available time for guidance curriculum, individual planning, responsive services, and consultation.
- Demonstrates flexibility by reprioritizing daily schedules and remaining flexible during changing circumstances
- Seeks opportunities for professional development and makes a systematic attempt to implement ideas gained through professional development opportunities into guidance/counseling program

#### **School Nurses**

The certified professional school nurses in the Kinnelon Public Schools have a multitude of roles within the scope of their practice. In an ongoing effort to ensure children remain healthy and ready to learn, the school nurses take on the roles of nursing care provider, investigator, communicator, counselor, educator, child advocate, community liaison, recorder and manager. The components of each domain are outlined below.

#### **Planning & Preparation**

The school nurse:

- Demonstrates understanding of the professional school nursing process, which includes assessment, knowledge and associated techniques.
- Demonstrates an understanding of the typical developmental characteristics of the age group, as well as exceptions to the general patterns
- Demonstrates extensive knowledge of School Health Guidelines that incorporates the state mandated immunization regulations as well protocol for health issues and resources for students, including those available through the school or district and in the community
- · Appropriately and comprehensively plans for delivery of services

#### **Professional Practice and Delivery of Service**

The school nurse:

- Consistently applies evidence based clinical practice which includes assessing, planning, implementing, and evaluating the nursing care in an ongoing manner.
- Develops individualized health care plans and/or emergency care plans are carried out by the school nurses for each student with acute or chronic health concerns and provide health care and advice to faculty members
- Seeks information regarding health histories, health practices, environmental concerns, safety issues, communicable disease patterns and current health information relevant to the practice of school nursing
- Provides health education to students formally when applicable to assignment and continuously on a one-on-one basis during the delivery of nursing care to students, faculty and parents
- Consistently and effectively promotes health and wellness for both students and staff
- Serve in the role of counselor to students, parents and staff alike regarding health issues and personal concerns, making referrals as needed to the school psychologist, student assistance counselor, school guidance counselor and private physicians, or community health resources
- Acts as an advocate for students and families, work closely with staff and families to facilitate that health care needs and accommodations are identified and met.

#### **Collaboration and Consultation**

The school nurse:

 Demonstrates effective communication and collaboration between home and school which includes the student when age appropriate

- Demonstrates effective communication, consultation and collaboration with administrators and staff
- Demonstrates effective communication, consultation and collaboration with medical professionals and agencies

#### **Professional Responsibilities**

The school nurse:

- Consistently applies evidence based clinical practice which includes assessing, planning, implementing, and evaluating the nursing care in an ongoing manner.
- Develops individualized health care plans and/or emergency care plans are carried out by the school nurses for each student with acute or chronic health concerns and provide health care and advice to faculty members
- Seeks information regarding health histories, health practices, environmental concerns, safety issues, communicable disease patterns and current health information relevant to the practice of school nursing
- Provides health education to students formally when applicable to assignment and continuously on a one-on-one basis during the delivery of nursing care to students, faculty and parents
- · Consistently promotes health and wellness for both students and staff
- Serve in the role of counselor to students, parents and staff alike regarding health issues and personal concerns, making referrals as needed to the school psychologist, student assistance counselor, school guidance counselor and private physicians, or community health resources
- Acts as an advocate for students and families, work closely with staff and families to facilitate that health care needs and accommodations are identified and met

## **School Library Media Specialists**

Certified Library Media Specialists develop and administer a library media program for students, staff and administration that support the curriculum and information needs. They provide professional library assistance to patrons that maximize the full utilization of library services, resources and technology. Library Media Specialist promotes literacy, information literacy skills, technology skills and 21<sup>st</sup> century skills.

#### **Planning & Preparation**

The media specialist:

- Demonstrates knowledge of professional school library media practice and pedagogy
- Demonstrates thorough knowledge of literature and of current trends in practice and information technology
- Demonstrates knowledge of content standards and of students' needs for information skills within those standards
- Designs and selects instructional goals that implement content standards
- Demonstrates knowledge of students

- Designs and implements goals for the media program are clear and appropriate to the situation in the school and to the age of the students.
- Demonstrates awareness of resources available for students and teachers in the school, in other schools in the district, and in the larger community to advance program goals

#### **Professional Practice and Delivery of Service**

The media specialist:

- Establishes or has established a culture for learning in an environment of respect and rapport
- Establishes or has established an environment that fosters a polite and respectful interaction between the library/media specialist and students and each other. This environment, reflects general warmth and caring, and is appropriate to the cultural and developmental differences among groups of students
- Translates instructional goals into learning experiences and conveys a sense of the importance of seeking information and reading literature
- Develops and manages the library collection by selecting materials for the collection and periodically purges the collection of outdated material. The collection is balanced among different areas
- Organizes and makes effective use of the physical environment, resulting in good traffic flow, clear signage, and adequate space devoted to work areas and computer use

#### **Collaboration and Consultation**

The media specialist:

- Participates in curriculum development and assessment projects
- Collaborates with individual teachers with classroom teachers in the design of instructional lessons and units
- Consults and collaborates with administrators to support school and district goals
- Provides leadership using instructional resources and technologies

#### **Professional Responsibilities**

The media specialist:

- Reflects on practice and provide an accurate and objective description of practice, citing specific positive and negative characteristics and makes specific suggestions as to how the media program might be improved
- Contributes to the school, district, and the profession
- Communicates with families to provide information, as
- appropriate, about the instructional program
- Grows and develops professionally by seeking out opportunities for professional development based on an individual assessment of need
- Demonstrates professionalism showing high standards of honesty and integrity in interactions with colleagues, students, and the public; adheres carefully to copyright laws

#### **Student Improvement**

The media specialist:

- Uses results from external assessments to assist in student improvement
- Uses multiple measures and a variety of assessment techniques to assist students with selection of materials/improvement of skills
- Provides evidence of student improvement
- Demonstrates an awareness of student needs and develops/applies appropriate strategies to address needs of students

## The Summative Rating and Weighting of Categories and Components

Each domain component will be weighted as follows:

Innovating =4

Applying = 3

Developing = 2

Beginning = 0

N/A = not rated, will not affect the denominator

## Teacher Evaluation: Summative Ratings

Component	Raw Score	Weight	Weighted Score
Teacher Practice Eval. Instrument	3.0	X 50%	1.5
Student Growth Percentile	2.0	X 35%	.70
Student Growth Objective	3.5	X 15%	.525
Sum of the Weighted Scores			2.725



# Appendix 1 - Certificated Staff Observation and Evaluation Forms

Observation Forms (these 'hard-copy' Word format forms are representative of the online evaluation forms in MyLearningPlan/OASYS)



# Kinnelon Public Schools Teacher Observation/Evaluation Record (Full/Long Form)

## **Brief Summary of the Lesson:**

## I. Planning

De	trategy in use: ((Note to evaluator, a comment/recommendation is required if Innovative, eveloping or Beginning is assigned, a comment or recommendation is required.) The teacher:	Level of implementation
1.	Creates learning goals that are measurable and student centered	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning
2.	Planning demonstrates an understanding of the content, including any prerequisites skills and knowledge required for students to acquire/master learning goal(s)	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning
3.	Selects instructional methods that best support every student in meeting the established learning goals by drawing upon knowledge of content areas, curriculum, crossdisciplinary skills, and pedagogy, as well as knowledge of learners.	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning
4.	Selects district/school/outside resources that are supportive of the instructional design (may include, but not limited to technology, literature, primary source documents, exemplars, etc.)	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning
5.	Plans for student/lesson assessment that supports design of future instruction and differentiation	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning
Со	mments/Recommendations	

## II. Instruction

	II. Instruction	
D	rategy in use: (Note to evaluator, a comment/recommendation is required if Innovative, eveloping or Beginning is assigned, a comment or recommendation is required.) The teacher:	Level of implementation
1.	Provides/communicates clear learning goals (e.g. the teacher provides or reminds students about a specific learning goal or evidence of such is apparent)	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning
2.	Expectations for measure of learning goals/objectives are communicated to students (may include but not limited to models/exemplars, rubrics, scales, criteria, etc.)	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning
3.	Effectively tracks/documents student progress (e.g. using formative assessments)	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning
4.	Reviews previous content <u>or</u> previews new content in ways that assist students in organizing and utilizing knowledge/skills; or organizes students to practice and deepen knowledge/skills (e.g. the teacher organizes students into groups designed to review information or practice skills)	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning
5.	Chunks content/activities into understandable/manageable segments	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning
6.	Gives students opportunities to process information (e.g. after each segment, teacher asks students to summarize, clarify, etc.)	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning
7.	Assists/provides opportunities for students to record/represent knowledge (e.g. teacher asks students to summarize, take notes, or use non-linguistic representations)	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning
8.	Provides students with opportunities to extend, revise, elaborate, practice and deepen knowledge (e.g. independent, massed and distributed practice)	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning
9.	Maintains an appropriate pace by responding to learning by slowing/quickening pace of instruction to maintain engagement	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning

Innovating Applying Developing Beginning
Innovating Applying Developing Beginning

## **III. Classroom Environment**

In re	rategy in use: ((Note to evaluator, a comment/recommendation is required if novative, Developing or Beginning is assigned, a comment or recommendation is quired.)  the teacher:	Level of implementation
1.	Establishes/has established classroom routines (e.g. teacher reminds students of a rule or procedure or establishes a rule or procedure or there is evidence of the establishment of such)	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning
2.	Teacher monitors students' level of engagement and attends to situations that are of concern	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning
3.	Manages student responses during questioning (e.g. teacher uses strategies that ensure a majority of students respond - cards, voting techniques, wait time, Socratic dialog etc.)	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning

4.	Creates an environment where students behave appropriately and take responsibility for their own behavior. (e.g. acknowledges adherence to rules and procedures and applies consequences when necessary)	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning
5.	Communicates high expectations for all students	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning
6.	Organizes the physical layout of the room to maximize learning (when applicable, it is noted that some classrooms are not equipped for this)	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning
Co	mments/Recommendations	

Δ	dd	itik	ion	al	Cor	nm	ents	:

## Areas of critical importance:

Acknowledgment of this form in MyLearningPlan/OASYS serves as an electronic signature.

Finalization of the form serves as the administrator's signature.

Acknowledgment of the observation form indicates only that the staff member has read the report, not that he/she necessarily agrees with the content.



## Kinnelon Public Schools Teacher Short Observation Form

Date		
Objective(s) of the lesson/Learning Goals & Brief Overview of the lesson:		
Lesson Structure:		
Strategies (Comments :	should entered by the evaluator for all ratings except	
"Applying".)		
	tes clear learning goals (e.g. the teacher provides or a specific learning goal or evidence of such is apparent).	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning N/A for this lesson
in meeting the establish	methods and resources that best support every student ned learning goals by drawing upon knowledge of content s-disciplinary skills, and pedagogy, as well as knowledge	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning N/A for this lesson
	interact with knowledge (e.g. the teacher organizes ads to discuss small chunks of content)	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning N/A for this lesson
	digestible bites" (e.g. the teacher I portions that are tailored to students' level of	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning N/A for this lesson
6. Applies understanding encourage such engage	g of student engagement by using a variety of strategies to ment by all.	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning N/A for this lesson
7. Provides and identifies which information is impossible.	s critical information (e.g. the teacher provides cues as to ortant)	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning N/A for this lesson
in organizing and utilizing	tent <u>or</u> previews new content in ways that assist students g knowledge/skills; or organizes students to practice and (e.g. the teacher organizes students into groups designed practice skills)	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning N/A for this lesson

9. Requires students to extend/elaborate on knowledge or new information such as organizing students for cognitively complex tasks (e.g. the teachers organizes students into small groups to facilitate cognitively complex tasks, the teacher asks questions that require students to make and defend inferences)	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning N/A for this lesson
10. Asks students to process information through questioning to reach a higher cognitive level (e.g. the teacher engages students in comparing, classifying, creating analogies and metaphors)	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning N/A for this lesson
11. Applies understanding of wait times and prompts students in new ways to engage participation	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning N/A for this lesson
12. Tracks student progress (uses formative assessments to track student individual & group progress on learning goal)	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning N/A for this lesson
13. Maintains an appropriate pace (e.g. the teacher slows and quickens the pace of instruction in such a way as to enhance engagement)	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning N/A for this lesson
14. Establishes/established classroom routines (e.g. the teacher reminds students of a rule or procedure or establishes a new rule or procedure or there is evidence of such).	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning N/A for this lesson
15. Notices and reacts when students are not engaged (e.g. the teacher scans the classroom to monitor students' level of engagement)	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning N/A for this lesson
Comments/Recommendations:	
Areas of Critical Importance:	



## Kinnelon Public Schools Child Study Team Member Observation/Evaluation Record

## **Brief Summary of the observed interaction:**

## I. Planning & Preparation

	eveloping or Beginning is assigned, a comment or recommendation is required.) he CST staff member:	Level of implementatio
1.	Has a thorough knowledge of student IEP driven goals and objectives	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning N/A
2.	Understands the alignment of goals and objectives with discipline based standardized testing and functional assessment	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning N/A
3.	Has a thorough knowledge of modifications and accommodations	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning N/A
l.	Has a thorough knowledge of behavioral plan (if relevant)	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning N/A
5.	Plans for student/lesson assessment that supports design of future instruction and differentiation.	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning N/A
S.	Has a thorough knowledge of code compliance issues (e.g. timelines, meeting participants, classification, IEP construction)	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning N/A
<b>7</b> .	Demonstrates appropriate preparation for service delivery including room set up and instructional materials	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning N/A
3.	Uses data to inform planning	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning N/A
).	Prepares staff for thoughtful contributions to meetings that involve parental participation	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning N/A
10.	Develops objectives which are clearly delineated to intended audience	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning N/A

## II. Delivery of Service

D	rategy in use: : ((Note to evaluator, a comment/recommendation is required if Innovative, eveloping or Beginning is assigned, a comment or recommendation is required.) ne CST staff member:	Level of implementation
1.	IEP, planning or eligibility meeting facilitation represents the appropriate scope and sequence	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning N/A
2.	Clearly defines expectations for students, parents, teachers, etc.	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning N/A
3.	Provides valuable feedback to the specific audience (students, parents, participants)	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning N/A
4.	Consistently applies evidence based practice	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning N/A
5.	Establishes and maintains rapport with parents and students	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning N/A
6.	All documents, and program and placement decisions are explained in lay terms to assure parent and student understanding	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning N/A
7.	Demonstrates written and verbal communication appropriate to audience	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning N/A
8.	Knowledge of the NJ Administrative Code is demonstrated	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning N/A
9.	Parents are provided with resources and strategies to support their student's movement towards mastery of IEP goals and objectives at home and in the community	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning N/A
10	Demonstrates awareness of community based resources for parents	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning N/A

Demonstrates knowledge of issues that affect students in subsequent grades within and across school programs	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning N/A
Evidences group facilitation skills to mediate disputes between parents and teacher and between staff members during meetings	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning N/A
Evidences flexibility, patience, empathy and understanding of parents with special needs students	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning N/A
Recommendations/Comments	

## III. Collaboration and Consultation

	trategy in use: : ((Note to evaluator, a comment/recommendation is required if Innovative, eveloping or Beginning is assigned, a comment or recommendation is required.)  The CST staff member:	
1.	Collaborates with special and general education teachers, administration, and school staff (e.g. consultation, carryover into LRE, generalization)	Level of implementation  Innovating Applying Developing Beginning N/A
2.	Demonstrates collaboration between home and school	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning N/A
3.	Involves students in age appropriate reflection regarding their program, progress and planning	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning N/A
4.	Provides timely and valuable feedback to parent provided utilizing multiple formats (e.g. e-mail, progress notes, communication books, telephone)	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning N/A

## V. Assessing and Monitoring Student learning

Strategy in use: : ((Note to evaluator, a comment/recommendation is required if Innovative,	
Developing or Beginning is assigned, a comment or recommendation is required.)	
The CST staff member:	Level of implementation

1.	Suggest programmatic changes in response to meeting participant input	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning N/A
2.	Documents progress via standardized and/or qualitative assessments	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning N/A
3.	Obtains input from parents, teachers, students, and administration	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning N/A
4.	Alters program and placement predicated upon student progress	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning N/A
5.	Provides immediate feedback to students, teachers, parents, administrators, etc. as warranted	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning N/A
Coi	mments/Recommendations:	

Areas of Critical Importance:



# Kinnelon Public Schools School Nurse Observation/Evaluation Record

## **Brief Summary:**

Planning	&	Pre	par	atio	1
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<b>Pa</b> re	omponent: (Note to evaluator, a comment/recommendation is required if artially Effective or Ineffective is assigned, link indicator number to commendation) e school nurse:	Level of implementation
1.	Demonstrates understanding of the professional school nursing process, which includes assessment, knowledge and associated techniques.	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning
2.	Demonstrates an understanding of the typical developmental characteristics of the age group, as well as exceptions to the general patterns	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning
3.	Demonstrates extensive knowledge of School Health Guidelines that incorporates the state mandated immunization regulations as well protocol for health issues and resources for students, including those available through the school or district and in the community	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning
4.	Appropriately and comprehensively plans for delivery of services	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning

## **Professional Practice and Delivery of Service**

Component: (Note to evaluator, a comment/recommendation is required if	Level of implementation
Partially Effective or Ineffective is assigned, link indicator number to	
recommendation)	
The school nurse:	
Consistently applies evidence based clinical practice which includes	Innovating
assessing, planning, implementing, and evaluating the nursing care in an	Applying
ongoing manner.	Developing
	Beginning

2.	Develops individualized health care plans and/or emergency care plans which are carried out by the school nurses for each student with acute or chronic health concerns and provide health care and advice to faculty members	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning
3.	Seeks information regarding health histories, health practices, environmental concerns, safety issues, communicable disease patterns and current health information relevant to the practice of school nursing	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning
4.	Provides health education to students formally when applicable to assignment and continuously on a one-on-one basis during the delivery of nursing care to students, faculty and parents	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning
5.	Consistently promotes health and wellness for both students and staff	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning
6.	Serve in the role of counselor to students, parents and staff alike regarding health issues and personal concerns, making referrals as needed to the school psychologist, student assistance counselor, school guidance counselor and private physicians, or community health resources	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning
7.	Acts as an advocate for students and families, work closely with staff and families to facilitate that health care needs and accommodations are identified and met	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning
Со	mments/Recommendations:	

## **Professional Collaboration and Consultation**

<b>Pa</b> rec	mponent : (Note to evaluator, a comment/recommendation is required if rtially Effective or Ineffective is assigned, link indicator number to commendation) school nurse:	Level of implementation
1.	Demonstrates effective communication and collaboration between home and school which includes the student when age appropriate	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning
2.	Demonstrates effective communication, consultation and collaboration with administrators and staff	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning
3.	Demonstrates effective communication, consultation and collaboration with medical professionals and agencies	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning
Cor	nments/Recommendations:	Beginning

Additional Comments:			
Areas of critical importance			



**Brief Summary:** 

# Kinnelon Public Schools School Counselor Observation/Evaluation Record

	nning & Preparation	
<b>P</b> e	omponent: (Note to evaluator, a comment/recommendation is required if artially Effective or Ineffective is assigned, link indicator number to ecommendation) see counselor:	Level of implementation
1.	Plans multiple approaches and applies a broad range of counseling strategies that are effective and appropriate to the student	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning
2.	Displays and demonstrates knowledge of typical developmental characteristics of age group, exceptions to the patterns, and adapts to individual student needs	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning
3.	Demonstrates thorough knowledge of students' backgrounds, skills, needs, and interests, and uses this knowledge to plan for individual and/or group interactions and/or special programming	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning
4.	Applies knowledge of students' varied approaches to learning	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning
5.	Demonstrates a thorough knowledge of appropriate use of tests, inventories, and assessments and uses their applications effectively	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning
6.	Displays a depth of knowledge of post-high school options through the full range of student needs and can match highly individualized needs to options found locally and nationwide	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning

## **The Counseling Environment**

Component: (Note to evaluator, a comment/recommendation is required if Partially Effective or Ineffective is assigned, link indicator number to		Level of implementation
	recommendation) The counselor:	implementation
	Guides and directs students and their families individually or in groups regarding social, emotional, educational, and vocational development to reduce	Innovating Applying Developing

	barriers to learning and to increase students' ability to interact appropriately with others	Beginning
2.	Initiates and is pro-active in communication with parents/guardians	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning
3.	Demonstrates ability to engage families in the learning process	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning
4.	Consults/collaborates with teachers, administrators and other relevant school personnel	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning
5.	Develops a climate of trust that facilitates communication and cooperation	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning
Со	mments/Recommendations:	<u> </u>

## **Professional Collaboration and Consultation**

Level of implementation	
Innovating Applying Developing Beginning	

### **Additional Comments:**

Areas of critical importance:



# **Kinnelon Public Schools Media Specialist Observation/Evaluation Record**

# **Brief Summary:**

## **Planning & Preparation**

Component: (Note to evaluator, a comment/recommendation is required if Partially Effective or Ineffective is assigned, link indicator number to recommendation) The library media specialist:	Level of implementation
Demonstrates knowledge of professional school library media practice and pedagogy	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning
2. Demonstrates thorough knowledge of literature and of current trends in practice and information technology	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning
Demonstrates knowledge of content standards and of students' needs for information skills within those standards	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning
4. Designs and selects instructional goals that implement content standards	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning
5. Demonstrates knowledge of students	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning
6. Designs and implements goals for the media program are clear and appropriate to the situation in the school and to the age of the students.	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning
7. Demonstrates awareness of resources available for students and teachers in the school, in other schools in the district, and in the larger community to advance program goals.	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning

# **Professional Practice and Delivery of Service**

<b>Pa</b> red	mponent: (Note to evaluator, a comment/recommendation is required if artially Effective or Ineffective is assigned, link indicator number to commendation)  be library media specialist:	Level of implementation
1.	Establishes or has established a culture for learning in an environment of respect and rapport	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning
2.	Establishes or has established an environment that fosters a polite and respectful interaction between the library/media specialist and students and each other. This environment, reflects general warmth and caring, and is appropriate to the cultural and developmental differences among groups of students.	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning
3.	Translates instructional goals into learning experiences and conveys a sense of the importance of seeking information and reading literature	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning
4. 5.	Develops and manages the library collection by selecting materials for the collection and periodically purges the collection of outdated material.  Collection is balanced among different areas	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning
6.	Organizes and makes effective use of the physical environment, resulting in good traffic flow, clear signage, and adequate space devoted to work areas and computer use.	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning
Co	mments/Recommendations:	

## **Professional Collaboration and Consultation**

<b>Component</b> : (Note to evaluator, a comment/recommendation is required if <b>Partially Effective</b> or <b>Ineffective</b> is assigned, link indicator number to recommendation)	Level of implementation
The library media specialist:	
Participates in curriculum development and assessment projects	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning
Collaborates with individual teachers with classroom teachers in the design instructional lessons and units	gn of Innovating Applying Developing Beginning
Consults and collaborates with administrators to support school and distrigular     goals	Innovating ict Applying Developing Beginning
Provides leadership using instructional resources and technologies	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning
Comments/Recommendations:	

## **Student Improvement**

Component: (Note to evaluator, a comment/recommendation is required if Partially Effective or Ineffective is assigned, link indicator number to recommendation) The library media specialist:	Level of implementation
Uses results from external assessments to assist in student improvement	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning

	Innovating			
Uses multiple measures and a variety of assessment techniques to assist students	Applying			
with selection of materials/improvement of skills	Developing			
'	Beginning			
	Innovating			
Provides evidence of student improvement	Applying			
Trovides evidence of student improvement	Developing			
	Beginning			
	Innovating			
Demonstrates an awareness of student needs and develops/applies appropriate	Applying			
strategies to address needs of students	Developing			
	Beginning			
Comments/Recommendations:				
	<del>-</del>			
Additional Comments:				
Areas of critical importance:				



# **Kinnelon Public Schools Annual Summary Teaching Staff**

Status:	1 <sup>st</sup> Year	2 <sup>nd</sup> Year	2 <sup>nd</sup> Year	Eligible	Tenured	Date:
<b>Domain I</b>	- Planning:					
<b>Domain I</b>	I - Instructio	n:				
						_
<b>Domain I</b>	II - Classroo	m Environm	ent:			

# **Domain IV - Professional Responsibilities**

Element: (Note to evaluator, a recommendation is required if Highly Effective or Ineffective is assigned)	Level of implementation
Teacher's lesson reflection provides an accurate and objective description of the lesson, and cites specific positive and negative characteristics including specific suggestions as to how the lesson might be improved	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning
Teacher's system for maintaining plan book, grade book, student attendance or other professional records is accurate, detailed and efficient	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning
The gradebook details provide anecdotal and data driven indicators, substantiating an exemplary commitment to planning, differentiated lessons, and the utilization of varied and frequent assessment instruments	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning
Teacher successfully engages families in the instructional program and encourages student participation in communicating with families	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning
Teacher participates actively in school and district events and projects, and maintains positive and productive relationships with colleagues	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning
Teacher seeks opportunities for professional development based on an individual assessment of need.	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning
Teacher is quick to respond to administrative suggestions aimed at improving professional performance	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning
The teacher makes a substantial contribution to the profession through such activities as action research, and mentoring new teachers	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning
Teacher makes genuine and successful efforts to ensure that all students are well served by the school	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning

Recommendations:					
Attendance Summ	narv				
Personal Illness	Family Illness	Personal Business	Professional Days		
Progress toward	PDP:				
PDP focus for ne	xt SY:				
Additional Comm	nents:				
Areas of critical i	mportance:				
Staff member is Tenured					
Staff Member is re	commended for renewal (	1 <sup>st</sup> , 2 <sup>nd</sup> and 3 <sup>rd</sup> Year \$	Staff) ☐ Yes ☐ No		
Staff Member is re	commended for tenure (4 <sup>t</sup>	<sup>h</sup> Year Eligible) 🗌 Y	es 🗌 No		



# Kinnelon Public Schools Annual Summary - Study Team Staff

Status:	1 <sup>st</sup> Year	2 <sup>nd</sup> Year	2 <sup>nd</sup> Year	Eligible	Tenured	Date:		
Domain I: Planning and Preparation								
		_						
Domain	II: Delivery of	f Service						
Domain	III: Collabora	tion and Co	nsultation					
Domein	IV. Accessin	er on al Monsit	oning Chudou					
Domain	IV: Assessin	g and Monit	oring Studer	it learning				

# **Domain V: Professional Responsibilities – Child Study Team**

Strategy in use: (Note to evaluator, a recommendation is required if Highly Effective or Ineffective is assigned)	
The CST staff member:	Level of implementation
Completes reports which are written for the appropriate audience	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning
Completes all paperwork in a timely and professional manner	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning
Maintains current with licensing requirements	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning
Demonstrates knowledge of resources associated with professional discipline	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning
Participates in building based and district initiatives	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning

Participates in professional orga	anizations			Innovatin Applying Developir Beginning	ng		
Provides valuable analysis of observation outcomes through self-assessment  Applying Developing Beginning							
	Demonstrates advocacy for all special needs students  Innovating Applying Developing Beginning						
Comments/Recommendations:			1	-	<u> </u>		
Attendance Summary	1				ı		
Personal Illness	Family Illness	Personal Business		Professional Days			
	<u> </u>	<del></del>	1				
Progress toward PDP:							
PDP focus for next SY:							
Additional Comments:							
Areas of critical import	ance:						
Staff member is Tenured	☐ Yes ☐ N	lo					
Staff Member is recomme	ended for renewa	al (1 <sup>st</sup> , 2 <sup>nd</sup> and 3 <sup>rd</sup> Year	Staff)	☐ Yes ☐ N	lo		
Staff Member is recommended for tenure (4 <sup>th</sup> Year Eligible)							



Participates in professional organizations

assessment

Provides valuable analysis of observation outcomes through self-

# **Kinnelon Public Schools Annual Summary School Nurse Staff**

CON. NE	II II					
Status:	1 <sup>st</sup> Year	2 <sup>nd</sup> Year	2 <sup>nd</sup> Year	Eligible	Tenured	Date:
Domain	I: Planning &	R Preparation	1			
Domain	II: The Coun	seling Enviro	onment			
Oomain	III: Collabora	ation and Cor	nsultation			
Oomain	IV: Profession	onal Respons	sibilities:		Level of impl	omontation
	or <b>Ineffective</b> i	aluator, a recom s assigned)	mendation is re	quired if <b>Highly</b>	Level of Impl	ementation
Maintains	accurate record	ds as outlined by	the School Nu	rsing Plan	D.	nnovating Applying eveloping Beginning
	es reports which by the School Nu	are written for th ursing Plan	ne appropriate a	udience as	Ir D	nnovating Applying eveloping Beginning
	es all paperwork by the School Nu	in a timely and pursing Plan	professional ma	nner as	Ir D	nnovating Applying eveloping Beginning
Maintains	current with lice	ensing requireme	ents		Ir D	nnovating Applying eveloping Beginning
Demonsti discipline		of resources as	sociated with p	rofessional	Ir D	nnovating Applying eveloping Beginning
Participat	es in building ba	ased and district	initiatives		Ir	nnovating Applying eveloping

Beginning
Innovating
Applying
Developing

Beginning Innovating

Applying Developing Beginning

Contributes to the sch	nool and district	Innovating Applying Developing Beginning					
Comments/Recomm	endations:						
Attendance Sum	mary						
Personal Illness	Family Illness	Personal Business	Professional Days				
Progress toward I	PDP:						
PDP focus for next SY:  Additional Comments:							
Areas of critical importance:							
Staff member is Tenured							
Stati illettipet is retituted   Tes   NO							
Staff Member is recommended for renewal (1 <sup>st</sup> , 2 <sup>nd</sup> and 3 <sup>rd</sup> Year Staff)							
Staff Member is recommended for tenure (4 <sup>th</sup> Year Eligible) 🗌 Yes 🔲 No							



guidance/counseling program.

district resources.

# **Kinnelon Public Schools Annual Summary School Counselor Staff**

Status:   1 <sup>st</sup> Year	2 <sup>nd</sup> Year	2 <sup>nd</sup> Year		Eligible	Ш	Tenured	Ш	Date:
Domain I: Planning &	Preparation							
Domain II: The Couns	seling Enviro	nment						
Domain III: Collabora	tion and Con	sultatio	n					
Domain IV: Professio	nal Pasnans	ibilities						
Domain IV: Profession Component- (Note to eva			is real	uired if <b>H</b>	iahlv l	Effective	Le	vel of
or Ineffective is assigned				2 2	-9,		_	plementation
The counselor:								
Demonstrates thoughtfuln guidance/counseling activ probable successes of diff	rity and offers spe	ecific alterr				ete with		Innovating Applying Developing Beginning
Maintains systematic reco	ords, files and ma	aterials and	d main	ains the	ir secu	rity		Innovating Applying Developing Beginning
Consistently schedules ar planning, responsive serv			r guida	nce curr	iculum	, individual		Innovating Applying Developing Beginning
Demonstrates flexibility by during changing circumsta		ily schedu	les an	remain	ing flex	kible		Innovating Applying Developing Beginning
Seeks opportunities for pr								Innovating Applying Developing

Attendance Summary							
				Personal		Professional	
Personal Illness		Family Illness		Business		Days	

Demonstrates knowledge of and uses relevant district provided technology

with students, parents, and colleagues, and advocates for the students.

resources in his/her daily practice as well as technology opportunities outside of

Demonstrates high standards of honesty, integrity, and confidentially in interactions

Beginning Innovating

Applying

Developing

Beginning Innovating

Applying

Developing Beginning

Progress toward PDP:
PDP focus for next SY:
Additional Comments:
Areas of critical importance:
Staff member is Tenured
Staff Member is recommended for renewal (1st, 2nd and 3rd Year Staff)
Staff Member is recommended for tenure (4 <sup>th</sup> Year Eligible)



# **Kinnelon Public Schools Annual Summary Media Specialist Staff**

Status: 1st Year		2 <sup>nd</sup> Year	2 <sup>nd</sup> Y	ear 🗌	Eligible		Tenured		Date:	
Demain la Blannian 9 Brancostian										
Domain I: Planni	Domain I: Planning & Preparation									
Domain II: Professional Practice and Delivery of Service										
			- 14	4.						
Domain III: Colla	boration	on and Cor	<b>ISUlt</b>	ation						
Domain IV: Stud	ent Im	provement								
L										
Domain V: Profe	eeiona	l Rosnonsi	ihiliti	AS						
Component - (Note					equired if	Highly			Level o	f
Effective or Ineffect		ssigned)			•			i	mplementa	ation
The media specialis									Innovatin	ıa
Reflects on practice citing specific positive							practice,		Applying	j
suggestions as to he						CITIC			Developir	•
		Tours program	9						Beginnin Innovatin	
Contributes to the s	chool, di	strict, and the	profes	ssion					Applying	
	ŕ	,	•					Developing		
									Beginnin	
Communicates with	familiaa	to provide inf	orm oti	on oo					Innovatin	•
Communicates with appropriate, about t				on, as					Applying Developir	
appropriate, about t	ile ilistic	ictional progra	.111						Beginnin	
									Innovatin	g
Grows and develops									Applying	
professional develop	oment ba	ased on an inc	dividua	al assessi	ment of ne	eed			Developir	_
									Beginnin Innovatin	
Demonstrates profe									Applying	
interactions with colleagues, students, and the public; adheres carefully to									Developir	
copyright laws									Beginnin	
Comments/Recommendations:										
Attendance Sur	nmary									
Dana an al III		Fam: Yes IV			Persona				ssional	
Personal Illness		Family Illne	ess		Busines	S	1	Days		

Progress toward PDP:
PDP focus for next SY:
Additional Comments:
Areas of critical importance:
Staff member is Tenured
Staff Member is recommended for renewal (1 <sup>st</sup> , 2 <sup>nd</sup> and 3 <sup>rd</sup> Year Staff)
Staff Member is recommended for tenure (4 <sup>th</sup> Year Eligible)

## **Certificated Staff Evaluation System**

KINNELON PUBLIC SCHOOLS Revised 2013, 2014 and 2015

A common language/model of instruction provides a framework for a way to talk about instruction that is shared by everyone in the district or school level. Principals and teachers should be able to use a common language of instruction to converse about effective teaching, give and receive feedback, collect and act upon data to monitor growth regarding the reasoned use of the strategies identified in the framework, and align professional development needs against the framework.

In continuing to focus on Kinnelon's common language/model of instruction, we are asking that you use this guide to:

- 1. Reflect on your pedagogical practice to find areas in which to focus for next year's Professional Learning Plan (PIP)
- 2. Become familiar with or reinforce the pedagogical terminology for the strategies you implement in an effort to define the components of the language we will include in our Kinnelon model.

#### **Directions:**

- 1. Familiarize yourself with this guide, it is organized into the following categories:
  - Creating/Communicating Clear Learning Goals & High Expectations for All
  - Establishing and Maintaining Classroom Rules and Procedures
  - Interacting with New Knowledge
  - Deepening Student Understanding
  - Extending Student Understanding, and
  - Student Engagement

Each category has a question (What do you typically do to...) followed by a descriptive statement of what the category is focusing on (*The teacher reviews expectations regarding rules and procedures* ...) and some examples of strategies a teacher might use to address the question (Teacher Evidence) and what evidence you might see from students if the strategy is used well (Student Evidence).

2. Rate yourself for each category. Each category has a rubric (4-3-2-0) where you can choose a 'rating' in terms of your understanding and use of the strategies. These are not exhaustive lists and some strategies you use to address a question within a category may not be listed, please consider these as well as you make your rating.

4	3	2	0
Innovative Level	Application Level	Developing Level	Beginning Level/Not Used
I am using this strategy with fidelity, monitoring its effect on student learning and applying my understanding in a differentiated way or combining it in to create a macrostrategy.	I use the strategy and relative ease and monitor the students' reactions to see whether the strategy has had the desired effect.	I use strategy but not often or in a mechanistic way – low level of comfort; Or I use a strategy without significant error and with relative ease. This level of use does not produce the large gains in student learning reported in some studies or I don't monitor the effect the strategy choice has on student learning.	I am unfamiliar with strategy and/or its application and use or am beginning to see how the strategy might be used in my classroom, but with little fluency and am prone to errors using it. A this level, the strategy probably has little effect on student learning.

3. These ratings are adapted to the Kinnelon Public Schools Educator Observation & Evaluation Process.		

#### CREATING/COMMUNICATING CLEAR LEARNING GOALS HIGH EXPECTATIONS FOR ALL

**Question:** What do I typically do to provide clear learning goals?

#### **Descriptive Statement:**

The teacher provides clearly stated learning goal(s) that are measurable and student centered.

#### **Teacher Evidence:**

- Teacher posts learning goal so that all students can see it (or verbally to non-reading population)
- The learning goal is a clear statement of knowledge of information as opposed to an activity or an assignment
- Teacher makes reference to the learning goal throughout lesson(s)
- Teacher connects supporting activities to learning goal
- Teacher is cognizant of how to assess if students are meeting/have met goal.

#### **Student Evidence:**

- When asked, students can explain the learning goal for a lesson
- When asked, students can explain how their current activities relate to the learning goal.

Use the rubric on page 1 to determine where you are in using this strategy.

4	3	2	0
Innovative Level	Application Level	Developing Level	Beginning Level/Not Used

**Question:** What do I typically do to provide goals and scales (rubrics) for the learning goals?

#### **Descriptive Statement:**

The teacher provides a clearly stated learning goal accompanied by a scale or rubric that describes levels of performance relative to the learning goal.

#### **Teacher Evidence:**

- Teacher has a learning goal posted so all students can see it.
- The learning goal is a clear statement of knowledge or information as opposed to an activity or assignment.
- Teacher makes reference to the learning goal throughout the lesson.
- Teacher has a scale or rubric that relates to the learning goal posted so that all students can see it.
- Teacher makes reference to the scale or rubric throughout the lesson.

#### **Student Evidence:**

- When asked, students can explain the learning goal for a lesson
- When asked, students can explain how their current activities relate to the learning goal.
- When asked, students can explain the meaning of the levels of performance articulated in the scale or rubric.

4	3	2	0
Innovative Level	Application Level	Developing Level	Beginning Level/Not Used

**Question:** What do I typically do to track student progress with respect to learning goals?

#### **Descriptive Statement:**

The teacher facilitates tracking of student progress on one or more learning goals using a formative approach to assessment.

#### **Teacher Evidence:**

- Teacher provides guidance for students to track their own progress on the learning goal
- Teacher gives valuable feedback relative to the learning goal
- Teacher uses formal and informal means to assess students progress (formative assessment)
- Teacher tracks progress of entire class on learning goal

#### **Student Evidence:**

- When asked, students can describe their status relative to meeting the learning goal
- Students can update progress on learning goal

Use the rubric on page 1 to determine where you are in using this strategy.

4	3	2	0
Innovative Level	Application Level	Developing Level	Beginning Level/Not Used

**Question:** What do I typically do to demonstrate value and respect for low expectancy students?

#### **Descriptive Statement:**

The teacher exhibits behaviors that demonstrate value and respect for low expectancy students

#### **Teacher Evidence:**

- When asked, the teacher can identify students for whom there have been low expectations
- The teacher provides low expectancy students with nonverbal and verbal indications that they are valued and respected
  - Eve contact
  - o Smiles
  - o Playful dialogue
- The teacher does not allow negative comments about low expectancy students

#### **Student Evidence:**

- When asked, students may say that the teacher cares for all students
- Students treat other students with respect

Use the rubric on page 1 to determine where you are in using this strategy.

	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	<u> </u>	
4	3	2	0
Innovative Level	Application Level	Developing Level	Beginning Level/Not Used

**Question:** What do I typically do to ask questions and probe incorrect answers with low expectancy students?

#### **Descriptive Statement:**

The teacher asks questions of low expectancy students with the same frequency and depth as with high expectancy students. The teacher probes incorrect answers with low expectancy students in the same manner as with high expectancy students.

#### **Teacher Evidence:**

 Teacher makes certain low expectancy students are asked challenging questions at the same rate as high expectancy students

#### Student Evidence:

- When asked, students may say that the teacher won't "let you off the hook"
- When asked, students may say that the teacher won't "give up on you"

Teacher makes certain low expectancy students' When asked, students may say that the questions are answered at the same rate as high teacher helps them answer question expectancy students successfully Teacher asks LE students to further explain answers when incorrect Teacher rephrases questions for LE students when they provide incorrect answer Teacher breaks question into smaller parts when LE student answers incorrectly When LE student demonstrates frustration, teacher allows them to collect their thoughts but does go back to them at a later point Use the rubric on page 1 to determine where you are in using this strategy. **Innovative Level Application Level Developing Level Beginning Level/Not Used** 

### **ESTABLISHING AND MAINTAINING CLASSROOM RULES AND PROCEDURES**

Question: What do I typically do to establish and maintain classroom rules and procedures?

#### **Descriptive Statement:**

The teacher reviews expectations regarding rules and procedures to ensure their effective execution

#### **Teacher Evidence:**

- Teacher involves students in designing classroom routine
- Teacher uses classroom meeting to review and process rules and procedures
- Teacher reminds students of rules and procedures
- Teacher asks students to restate or explain rules and procedures
- Teacher provides cues or signals when a rule or procedure should be used

#### **Student Evidence:**

- Students follow clear routines in class
- When asked, students can describe the established rules and procedures
- When asked, students describe the classroom as an orderly place
- Students recognize cues and signals by the teacher
- Students regulate their own behavior

Use the rubric on page 1 to determine where you are in using this strategy.

	,	0	
4	3	2	0
Innovative Level	Application Level	Developing Level	Beginning Level/Not Used

Question: What do I typically do to acknowledge adherence to rules and procedures?

**Descriptive Statement:** The teacher consistently and fairly acknowledges adherence to rules and procedures

### Teacher Evidence:

- Teacher provides nonverbal signals and verbal cues that a rule or procedure has been followed
  - o Smile, nod head, high five
  - o Thanks student
  - Describes student behavior that adhere to class rules
- Teacher notifies home when rules/procedures are followed
- Teacher fives tangible recognition when rules are followed
  - Certificates

#### Student Evidence:

- Students appear appreciative of teacher acknowledging positive behaviors
- The number of students adhering to rules and procedures increases

<ul> <li>Tokens</li> </ul>			
Use the rubric on page 1 to determine where you are in using this strategy.			
4	3	2	0
Innovative Level	Application Level	Developing Level	Beginning Level/Not Used

Question: What do I typically do apply consequences for lack of adherence to rules and procedures while maintaining objectivity and control?

**Descriptive Statement:** Teacher applies consequences for not following rules and procedures consistently and fairly. Teacher behaves in an objective and controlled manner.

#### **Teacher Evidence:**

- Teacher provides nonverbal signals
  - o Eye contact, proximity, tap on desk, shaking head- no
- Teacher provides verbal signals
  - o Tells students to stop, reminds of rule procedure
  - Uses I- messages (I ask you to stop when you do \_\_\_\_\_, because it is disruptive to the class)
- Teacher uses group consequences only when the whole group is involved
- Teacher applies appropriate consequences consistently and fairly
- Teacher involves support staff (guidance, CST, administration) and the home to help extinguish inappropriate behaviors
- Teacher does not exhibit extremes in positive or negative emotions, teacher interacts with all students in the same calm and controlled fashion
- Teacher does not demonstrate offense at student misbehavior Use the rubric on page 1 to determine where you are in using this strategy.

### Student Evidence:

- Students cease inappropriate behavior
- Student accept consequences as part of the way class is conducted

0

When asked, the students describe teacher as fair in application of rules

**Innovative Level Application Level Developing Level** 

**Beginning Level/Not Used** 

**Question:** What do I typically do to organize the physical layout of the classroom? **Descriptive Statement:** The teacher organizes the physical layout (when possible) to facilitate movement and focus

### on learning **Teacher Evidence:**

- The physical layout (when possible) changes based upon lesson structure and encourages student engagement, collaboration and interaction
- The physical layout of the room has clear traffic patterns and provides easy access to materials and centers
- The classroom is decorated in a way that enhances student learning:
  - o Bulletin boards relate to current content
  - Guiding posters and charts are visible
  - Students' work is displayed

### **Student Evidence:**

- Students move easily around the room
- Students find materials and centers easily
- Students utilize information on bulletin boards, charts and posters
- Students can easily focus on instruction

ose the rubite on page 1 to determine where you are in using this strategy.				
4	3	2	0	
Innovative Level	Application Level	Developing Level	Beginning Level/Not Used	

#### INTERACTING WITH NEW KNOWLEDGE

**Question:** What do I typically do to identify critical information?

**Descriptive Statement:** The teacher identifies a lesson or part of a lesson as involving important information to which students should pay particular attention.

#### **Teacher Evidence:**

- Teacher begins the lesson by explaining why upcoming content is important
- Teacher tells students to get ready for some important information
- Teacher cues the importance of upcoming information in some indirect fashion
  - o Tone of voice
  - Body position
  - Level of excitement

#### **Student Evidence:**

- When asked, students can describe the level of importance of the information addressed in class
- When asked, students can explain why the content is important to pay attention to
- Students visibly adjust their level of engagement

Use the rubric on page 1 to determine where you are in using this strategy.			
4	3	2	0
Innovative Level	Application Level	Developing Level	Beginning Level/Not Used

**Question:** What do I typically do to organize students to interact with new knowledge?

**Descriptive Statement:** The teacher organizes students into small groups to facilitate the processing of new information.

#### **Teacher Evidence:**

- Teacher has established routines for student grouping and student interaction in groups
- Teacher organizes students into ad hoc groups for the lesson
  - Dyads
  - o Triads
  - o Small groups up to about 5

#### **Student Evidence:**

- Students move to groups in an orderly fashion
- Students appear to understand expectation about appropriate behavior in groups
  - Respect opinions of others
  - Add their perspective to discussions
  - Ask and answer questions

4	3	2	0
Innovative Level	Application Level	Developing Level	Beginning Level/Not Used

### **Question:** What do I typically do to preview new content?

**Descriptive Statement:** The teacher engages students in activities that help them link what they already know to the new content about to be addressed and facilitates these linkages.

#### **Teacher Evidence:**

- Teacher uses preview question before reading
- Teacher uses K-W-L strategy or variation of it
- Teacher asks or reminds students what they already know about the topic
- Teacher provides and advance organizer
  - o Outline
  - Graphic organizer
- Teacher has students brainstorm
- Teacher uses anticipation guide
- Teacher uses motivation hook/launching activity
  - Anecdotes
  - Short selection from video
- Teacher uses word splash activity to connect vocabulary to upcoming content
- When necessary, the teacher reteaches basic information or skills that are prerequisite knowledge for scaffolding of new content

#### **Student Evidence:**

- When asked, student can explain linkages with prior knowledge
- When asked, students make predictions about upcoming content
- When asked, students can provide a purpose for what they are about to learn
- Students actively engage in previewing activities

Use the rubric on page 1 to determine where you are in using this strategy.

4	3	2	0
Innovative Level	Application Level	Developing Level	Beginning Level/Not Used

**Question:** What do I typically do to help student elaborate on new information?

**Descriptive Statement:** The teacher asks questions or engages students in activities that require elaborate inference that go beyond what was explicitly taught.

#### **Teacher Evidence:**

- Teacher asks explicit questions that require student to make elaborate inferences about the content
- Teacher asks student to explain and defend their inferences
- Teacher presents situations or problems that require inferences

#### **Student Evidence:**

- Students volunteer answers to inferential questions
- Students provide explanations and "proofs" for inferences

4	3	2	0	
Innovative Level	Application Level	Developing Level	Beginning Level/Not Used	

**Question:** What do I typically do to help students record and represent knowledge?

**Descriptive Statement:** The teacher engages students in activities that help them record their understanding of new content in linguistic ways and/or represent the content in nonlinguistic ways.

#### **Teacher Evidence:**

- Teacher asks student to summarize the information they have learned
- Teacher asks students to generate notes that identify critical information in the content
- Teacher asks students to create nonlinguistic representations for new content
  - Graphic organizers
  - o Pictures
  - Pictographs
  - o Flow charts
- Teacher asks student to create mnemonics that organize the content

#### **Student Evidence:**

- Students' summaries and notes include critical content
- Students' nonlinguistic representations include critical content
- When asked, students can explain main points of the lesson

Use the rubric on page 1 to determine where you are in using this strategy.

4	3	2	0
Innovative Level	Application Level	Developing Level	Beginning Level/Not Used

#### **DEEPENING STUDENT UNDERSTANDING**

**Question:** What do I typically do to review content?

**Descriptive Statement:** The teacher engages students in a brief review of content that highlights the critical information.

#### **Teacher Evidence:**

- Teacher begins the lessons with a brief review of content
- Teacher uses specific strategies to review information
  - Summary
  - Problem that must be solved using previous information
  - Questions that require a review of content
  - o Demonstration
  - Brief practice test or exercise
- When necessary, the teacher reteaches basic information or skills

#### **Student Evidence:**

- When asked, students can describe the previous content on which new lesson is based
- Student responses to class activities indicate that they recall previous content

4	3	2	0
Innovative Level	Application Level	Developing Level	Beginning Level/Not Used

Question: What do I typically do to organize students to practice and deepen knowledge?

**Descriptive Statement:** The teacher uses grouping in ways that facilitate practicing and deepening knowledge.

#### **Teacher Evidence:**

- Teacher organizes students into groups with the expressed idea of deepening their knowledge of informational content
- Teacher organizes students into groups with the expressed idea of practicing a skill, strategy, or process

#### **Student Evidence:**

**Developing Level** 

- When asked, students explain how the group work supports their learning
- While in groups, students interact in explicit ways to deepen their knowledge of informational content or practice a skill, strategy, or process
- Students ask each other questions
- Students obtain feedback from their peers

**Beginning Level/Not Used** 

Use the rubric on page 1 to determine where you are in using this strategy.

4 3 2 0

**Question:** What do I typically do to help students practice, skills strategies and processes including the use of homework?

**Descriptive Statement:** When the content involves a skill, strategy or process, the teacher engages in practice activities that help them develop fluency. When appropriate (as opposed to routinely), the teacher designs homework to deepen students' knowledge of informational content or practice a skill, strategy, or process.

#### **Teacher Evidence:**

**Innovative Level** 

 Teacher engages students in massed and distributed practice activities that are appropriate to their current ability to execute a skill, strategy or process.

**Application Level** 

- Guided Practice if students cannot perform the skill, strategy or process
- Independent practice if students can perform the skill, strategy or process independently
- Teacher communicates a clear purpose for homework
- Teacher extends an activity that was begun in class to provide students with more time
- Teachers assigns a well-crafted homework assignment that allows students to practice and deepen their knowledge independently

#### **Student Evidence:**

- When asked, students can describe how the homework assignment will deepen their understanding of informational content or help them practice a skill, strategy, or process
- Students ask clarifying questions of the homework that help them understand its purpose

		<u> </u>	
4	3	2	0
Innovative Level	Application Level	Developing Level	Beginning Level/Not Used

**Question:** What do I typically do to help students examine similarities and differences?

**Descriptive Statement:** When the content is informational, the teacher helps students deepen knowledge by examining similarities and differences.

#### **Teacher Evidence:**

- Teacher engages students in activities that require them to examine similarities and differences between content
  - Comparison activities
  - Classifying activities
  - Analogy activities
  - Metaphor activities
- Teacher facilitates the use of these activities to help students deepen their understanding of the content
  - Ask students to summarize what they have learned from the activity
  - Ask students to explain how the activity has added to their understanding

#### **Student Evidence:**

- Student artifacts indicate that their knowledge has been extended as a result of the activity
- When asked about the activity, student responses indicate that they have deepened their understanding
- When asked, students can explain similarities and differences
- Student artifacts indicate that they can identify similarities and differences

Use the rubric on page 1 to determine where you are in using this strategy.

4 3 2 0
Innovative Level Application Level Developing Level Beginning Level/Not Used

**Question:** What do I typically do to help students examine errors in reasoning and revise knowledge? **Descriptive Statement:** When content is informational, the teacher helps students deepen their knowledge by examining their own reasoning or the logic of the information as presented to them. The teacher engages students in revision of previous knowledge about content.

#### **Teacher Evidence:**

- Teacher asks students to examine information for errors or informational fallacies
  - Faulty logic
  - Weak reference
  - Misinformation
- Teacher asks students to examine the strength of support presented for a claim
  - Statement of a clear claim
  - Evidence of a claim presented
  - Qualifiers presented showing exceptions to the claim

#### **Student Evidence:**

- When asked, students can describe errors in information
- When asked, students can explain the overall structure of an argument presented to support a claim
- Student artifacts indicate that they can identify errors in reasoning

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Innovative Level	Application Level	Developing Level	Beginning Level/Not Used	

#### **EXTENDING STUDENT UNDERSTANDING**

Question: What do I typically do to organize and engage students for cognitively complex tasks?

**Descriptive Statement:** The teacher organizes the class in such a way as to facilitate students working on complex tasks. The teacher engages students in cognitively complex tasks that require them to generate and test predictions, hypotheses, ideas, suppositions, deductions, etc.

#### **Teacher Evidence:**

- Teacher engages students with an explicit decision making, problem solving, experimental inquiry, or investigative task
- Teacher facilitates students generating their own individual or group task that requires them to generate and test predictions, hypotheses, ideas, suppositions, deductions, etc.

#### **Student Evidence:**

- Students are clearly working in groups on tasks that require them to generate and test predictions, hypotheses, ideas, suppositions, deductions, etc.
- When asked students can explain what they are investigating/testing
- When asked, they can explain if their ideas were supported, confirmed or disconfirmed
- Student artifacts indicate that they can engage in decision making, problem solving, experimental inquiry or investigation

Use the rubric on page 1 to determine where you are in using this strategy.

4	3	2	0
Innovative Level	Application Level	Developing Level	Beginning Level/Not Used

#### STUDENT ENGAGEMENT

**Question:** What do I typically do to notice when students are not engaged?

**Descriptive Statement:** The teacher scans the room making note of when students are not engaged and then takes overt action.

#### **Teacher Evidence:**

- Teacher notices when specific students or groups of students are not engaged
- Teacher notices when the energy level in the room is low
- Teacher takes action to re-engage students

#### **Student Evidence:**

- Students appear aware of the fact that the teacher is taking note of their level of engagement
- Students try to increase their level of engagement when prompted
- When asked, students explain that the teacher expects high levels of engagement

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4	3	2	0	
Innovative Level	Application Level	Developing Level	Beginning Level/Not Used	

**Question:** What strategies or techniques do I typically use to maintain engagement?

**Descriptive Statement:** The teacher has a wide repertoire of engagement techniques to keep levels of student engagement and can appropriately apply them.

#### **Teacher Evidence:**

- Teacher uses <u>academic games</u> and inconsequential competition to maintain student engagement
  - Teacher uses structured games like Jeopardy, Family Feud, etc. or impromptu games involving review or assessment
- Teacher uses/manages <u>response rates</u> to maintain student engagement during questioning
  - o Wait time
  - Thumbs up/down
  - o Choral responses, Response chaining, Response cards
- Teacher uses <u>physical movement</u> to maintain engagement
  - Stretching, move about the room
  - o Vote with feet
  - Corners activities
- Teacher maintains a proper pace
  - Quick transitions between activities
  - Alters pace appropriate (speedup-slow down) based on formative assessments
- Teacher demonstrates <u>enthusiasm and intensity</u> and/or <u>presents</u> <u>unusual or intriguing information</u>
  - Encourages students to ID interesting information
  - Believe-it-or-not activities

## **Student Evidence:**

- When asked, students can explain how the games keep their interest
- When asked, students can describe their thinking about specific questions posed by the teacher
- When asked, students can describe how physical movement kept their interest
- When asked about pace of lesson, students can say if it was too fast or too slow
- Students' attention increases when unusual information is presented about the content

Use the rubric on page 1 to determine where you are in using this strategy.					
4	3	2	0		
Innovative Level	Application Level	Developing Level	Beginning Level/Not Used		

# Focus for Professional Learning

Instructional/pedagogical areas I wish to focus my professional learning (PDP)					
(focus on no more than 2 - 3 maximum)					
Creating/Communicating Clear Learning Goals & High Expectations for All					
Establishing and Maintaining Classroom Rules and Procedures					
Interacting with New Knowledge					
Deepening Student Understanding					
Extending Student Understanding					
Student Engagement					